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# Effective theory methods for heavy coloured (s)particles at hadron colliders

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(Based on M.Beneke, P.Falgari, CS, arXiv:0907.1443 [hep-ph], arXiv:1007.5414 [hep-ph]

M.Beneke, M.Czakon, P.Falgari, A.Mitov, CS arXiv:0911.5166 [hep-ph]

M.Beneke, P.Falgari, S. Klein, CS, in progress )

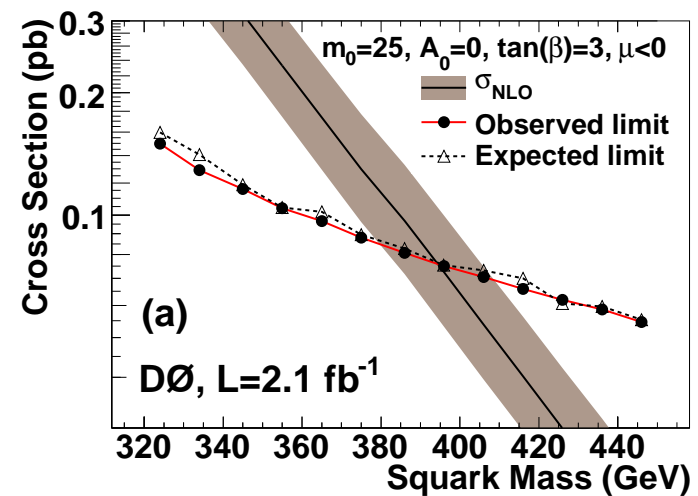
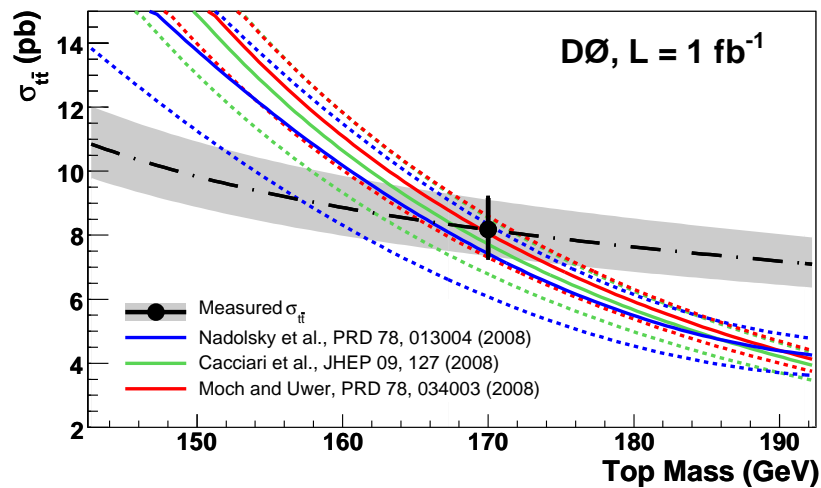
## Pair production of heavy coloured particles at Tevatron/LHC

$$N(K_1)N'(K_2) \rightarrow H(p_1)H'(p_2) + X$$

- $N, N'$ :  $pp, p\bar{p}$ ;  $HH'$ : **top-quark, squark, gluino...** pairs

### Precise knowledge of total cross sections:

- **top-quarks**: sensitivity on mass, constraining gluon PDFs
- **new particles**: Exclusion bounds, model discrimination,...



NLO corrections **enhanced** for  $\beta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{(M_H + M_{H'})^2}{\hat{s}}} \rightarrow 0$

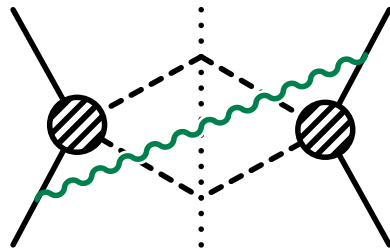
$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp' \rightarrow HH'}^{(1)} = \hat{\sigma}_{pp' \rightarrow HH'}^{(0)} \alpha_s \left[ \underbrace{a \log^2(8\beta^2) + b \log(8\beta^2)}_{\text{"threshold logarithms"}} + \underbrace{c \frac{1}{\beta}}_{\text{"Coulomb singularity"}} + \dots \right]$$

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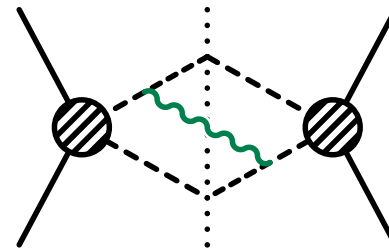
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**Soft corrections:**

(Resummation in Mellin space: Sterman 87; Catani, Trentadue 89, Kidonakis, Sterman 97, Bonciani et.al. 98, ...)



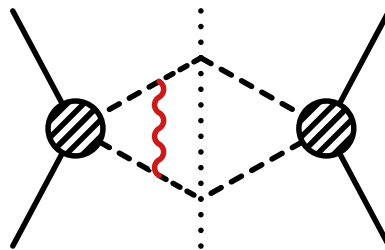
$$\Rightarrow \alpha_s \log^2(8\beta^2)$$



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**Coulomb gluon corrections**

(Fadin, Khoze 87; Peskin, Strassler 90, NRQCD, ...)



$$\Rightarrow \alpha_s \frac{1}{\beta}$$

**Combination of Coulomb- and soft effects?** Not trivial:

- Heavy particles **nonrelativistic** near threshold:

$$E \sim m\beta^2, \quad |\vec{p}| \sim m\beta$$

- soft gluon momenta of same order:  $q_s \sim m\beta^2 \sim E$   
 $\Rightarrow$  heavy particles “feel” soft radiation

**Factorization** into hard, **soft** and **Coulomb** functions:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp' \rightarrow HH'}|_{\hat{s} \rightarrow 4M^2} = H_{ij} \otimes W_{ij} \otimes J$$

using **EFTs** for **collinear**  $p, p'$ , **non-relativistic**  $HH'$ , **soft gluons**

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**Application** to **top quark, squark and gluino production**

- Diagonal colour bases for  $3 \otimes 3$ ,  $3 \otimes \bar{3}$ ,  $3 \otimes 8$ ,  $8 \otimes 8$
- NLL results for squark-antisquark production
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^4)$  threshold expansion +NNLL resummation for  $t\bar{t}$

LO NRQCD Lagrangian for particles  $H, H'$  in representations  $R, R'$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{PNRQCD}} = & \psi^\dagger \left( iD_s^0 + \frac{\vec{\partial}^2}{2m_H} + \frac{i\Gamma_H}{2} \right) \psi + \psi'^\dagger \left( iD_s^0 + \frac{\vec{\partial}^2}{2m_{H'}} + \frac{i\Gamma_{H'}}{2} \right) \psi' \\ & + \int d^3\vec{r} \left[ \psi^\dagger \mathbf{T}^{(R)a} \psi \right](\vec{r}) \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{r} \right) \left[ \psi'^\dagger \mathbf{T}^{(R')a} \psi' \right](0), \end{aligned}$$

with  $D_s^0 = \partial^0 - ig_s A_s^0(x_0, \vec{0})$ .

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Decoupling for heavy particle fields:

$$\begin{aligned} \psi(x) = S_v^{(R)}(x_0) \psi^{(0)\dagger}(x), \quad S_v^{(R)}(x) = \bar{\mathbf{P}} \exp \left[ -ig_s \int_0^\infty ds v \cdot A^a(x + vs) \mathbf{T}^{(R)a} \right] \\ \Rightarrow D_s^0 \psi = S_v \partial^0 \psi^0 \end{aligned}$$

same  $v = (1, \vec{0})$  for both heavy particles at threshold

Works at **leading order** in PNRQCD

( sufficient at NNLL: Beneke, Czakon, Falgari, Mitov, CS 09; Beneke, Falgari, CS 10)

Analogous redefinition in SCET (Bauer, Pirjol, Stewart 01)



Apply soft-gluon decoupling to amplitude:

$$\mathcal{A}_{pp' \rightarrow HH'X} \Rightarrow \sum_i C^{(i)} \langle HH' | \psi^{(0)\dagger} \psi'^{(0)\dagger} | 0 \rangle \langle 0 | \phi_c^{(0)} | p \rangle \langle 0 | \phi_{\bar{c}}^{(0)} | p' \rangle \langle X | S_n S_{\bar{n}} c^{(i)} S_v^\dagger S_v^\dagger | 0 \rangle$$

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Inserting into formula for  $\sigma$ , summing over complete set of  $|X\rangle \dots$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp'}(\hat{s}, \mu) = \sum_{i,i'} H_{ii'}(M, \mu) \int d\omega \sum_{R_\alpha} J_{R_\alpha}(\sqrt{\hat{s}} - 2M - \frac{\omega}{2}) W_{ii'}^{R_\alpha}(\omega, \mu)$$

Irreducible representations  $R \otimes R' = \sum_{R_\alpha} R_\alpha$  e.g.  $3 \otimes \bar{3} = 1 \oplus 8$ .

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Soft function:

$$W_{ii'}^{R_\alpha}(\omega) = \int \frac{dz_0}{4\pi} e^{i\omega z_0/2} \langle 0 | \bar{\mathbf{T}}[S_v S_v c^{(i)'} S_{\bar{n}}^\dagger S_n^\dagger](0) P^{R_\alpha} \mathbf{T}[S_n S_{\bar{n}} c^{(i)} S_v^\dagger S_v^\dagger](x_0) | 0 \rangle$$

Potential function:

$$J_{R_\alpha}(E) = \int d^4z e^{iEz^0} \langle 0 | [\psi^{(0)} \psi'^{(0)}](z^0) P^{R_\alpha} [\psi^{(0)\dagger} \psi'^{(0)\dagger}](0) | 0 \rangle = 2 \text{Im} G_C^{R_\alpha}(0, 0, E)$$

(Same as for  $e^- e^+ \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ : Fadin, Khoze 87; Beneke, Signer, Smirnov; Hoang, Teubner 99, ...)

## Construction of colour basis tensors $c^{(i)}$

for all squark/gluino production processes  $\tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*$ ,  $\tilde{q}\tilde{q}$ ,  $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ ,  $\tilde{q}\tilde{g}$

- soft radiation off total colour charge of  $(HH')_{R_\alpha}$  (Bonciani et.al. 98)
- one-loop basis (Kidonakis/Sterman 97; Kulesza/Moytka 08, Beenakker et.al. 09)
- **all-order diagonalization** of soft function (Beneke, Falgari, CS 09)

– pairs of equivalent initial- and final state representations:

$$\text{e.g. } 8 \otimes 8 \rightarrow 3 \otimes \bar{3} : \quad P_i \in \{(1, 1), (8_S, 8), (8_A, 8)\}$$

– **Clebsch-Gordan coefficients** e.g.  $8 \otimes 8 \rightarrow 8_A, 3 \otimes \bar{3} \rightarrow 8 :$

$$C_{\alpha a_1 a_2}^{(8_A)} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{3}} f^{a_2 \alpha a_1}, \quad C_{\alpha a_1 a_2}^{(8)} = \sqrt{2} T_{a_2 a_1}^\alpha$$

– construct basis tensors:

$$c_{\{a\}}^{(i)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\dim(r_\alpha)}} C_{\alpha a_1 a_2}^{r_\alpha} C_{\alpha a_3 a_4}^{R_\beta^*} \quad \text{e.g. } c_{\{a\}}^{(3)} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{12}} f^{a_2 \alpha a_1} T_{a_3 a_4}^\alpha$$

- Combine final-state Wilson lines:  $C^{R_\beta} S_v^{(R)} S_v^{(R')} = S_v^{R_\beta} C^{R_\beta}$

⇒ soft function for **single final-state particle** in  $R_\alpha$

**Factorization scale dependence** of  $H$ ,  $W$  cancels against PDFs:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\mu} = \frac{d}{d\mu} (f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes H \otimes W \otimes J) = 0$$

- $\frac{df_i}{d\mu} \Rightarrow$  Altarelli-Parisi equation
- $\frac{dH_i}{d\mu} \Rightarrow$  related to IR singularities (Becher, Neubert; Ferroglia et.al. 09)

$\Rightarrow$  get RGE for soft function

$$\frac{d}{d \log \mu} W_i^{R_\alpha}(z^0, \mu) = \left( 2\gamma_{\text{cusp}}(C_r + C_{r'}) \log \left( \frac{iz_0 \bar{\mu}}{2} \right) - 2(\underbrace{\gamma_{H.s}^{R_\alpha} + \gamma_s^r + \gamma_s^{r'}}_{\text{as for Drell-Yan/Higgs}}) \right) W_i^{R_\alpha}(z^0, \mu)$$

(solve in Mellin space: Korchemsky/Marchesini 92, momentum space: Becher/Neubert 06)

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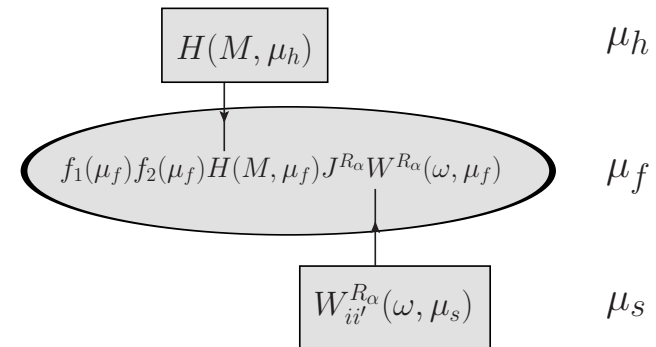
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## Resummation:

- evolve hard function from  $\mu_h \sim 2M$  to  $\mu_f$
- evolve soft function from  $\mu_s$  to  $\mu_f$



**Ingredients** for resummation at given accuracy

$$\hat{\sigma}_{pp'} \propto \sigma^{(0)} \exp \left[ \underbrace{\ln \beta g_0(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{(\text{LL})} + \underbrace{g_1(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{(\text{NLL})} + \underbrace{\alpha_s g_2(\alpha_s \ln \beta)}_{(\text{NNLL})} + \dots \right] \\ \times \sum_{k=0} \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{\beta} \right)^k \times \{ 1 (\text{LL, NLL}); \alpha_s, \beta (\text{NNLL}); \dots \} :$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{NLL: tree-level} \\ \text{NNLL: one-loop} \end{array} \right\} H_i W_i^{R\alpha}; \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{one-loop} \\ \text{two-loop} \end{array} \right\} \gamma_s^r, \gamma_s^{H,R\alpha}; \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{two-loop} \\ \text{three-loop} \end{array} \right\} \gamma_{\text{cusp}}$$

( $\gamma_s^r, \gamma_{\text{cusp}}$  known up to three loops: Moch, Vermaseren, Vogt 04/05)

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$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{NLL: tree-level} \\ \text{NNLL: one-loop} \end{array} \right\} H_i W_i^{R_\alpha}; \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{one-loop} \\ \text{two-loop} \end{array} \right\} \gamma_s^r, \gamma_s^{H, R_\alpha}; \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{two-loop} \\ \text{three-loop} \end{array} \right\} \gamma_{\text{cusp}}$$

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**Soft anomalous dimension** (Beneke, Falgari, CS 09; Czakon, Mitov, Sterman 09)

$$\gamma_{H,s}^{R_\alpha} = \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} (-2C_{R_\alpha}) + \left( \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} \right)^2 C_{R_\alpha} \left[ -C_A \left( \frac{98}{9} - \frac{2\pi^2}{3} + 4\zeta_3 \right) + \frac{40}{18} n_f \right] + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3).$$

(extracted from Becher/Neubert 09, Korchemsky/Radyushkin 92, Kidonakis 09)

**Coulomb resummation:** (N)LO Coulomb-Green function

(Fadin, Khoze 87; Beneke, Signer, Smirnov 99, ...)



## Squark -antisquarks at LHC

- Two production channels:

$$q_i \bar{q}_j \rightarrow \tilde{q}_k \bar{\tilde{q}}_l \quad , \quad gg \rightarrow \tilde{q}_k \bar{\tilde{q}}_l$$

- equal squark masses, no stop
- **Matching** to NLO result

(Beenakker et.al. 96, PROSPINO )

## Resummed Results:

**NLL:** full Coulomb  $\otimes$  res. soft

**noBS:** NLL w.o. bound states

**NLL<sub>s+h</sub>:** resummation of  $H$  and  $W$

**C:** Coulomb resummation

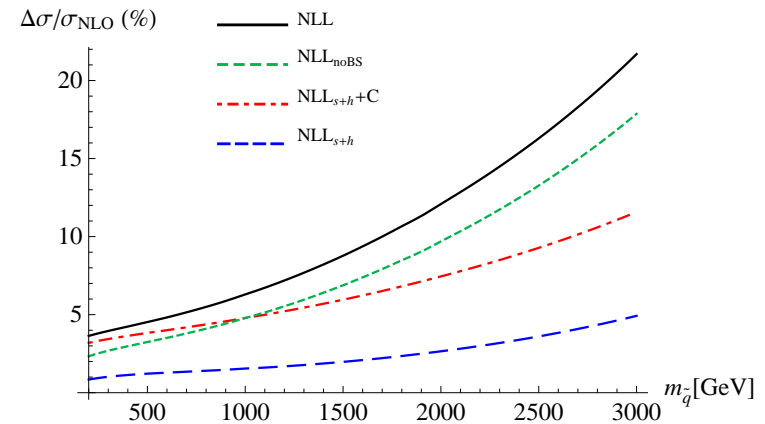
**Reduced scale dependence**

for combined NLL resummation

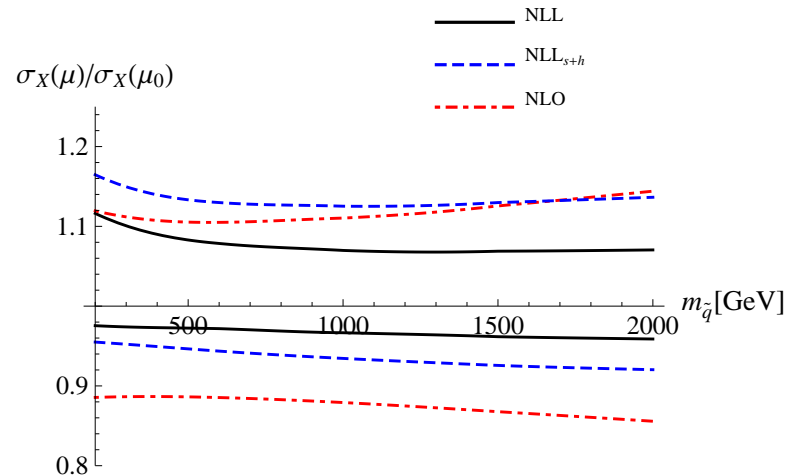
**Good agreement** of NLL<sub>s</sub>+C

with Mellin-approach

(Kulesza/Motyka; Beenakker et.al. 09)



( $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{g}}/m_{\tilde{q}} = 1.25$  MSTW08NLO)



( $m_{\tilde{q}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $\mu_i^0/2 < \mu_i < 2\mu_i^0$ )

$t\bar{t}$  production at Tevatron and LHC (Beneke, Falgari, Klein, CS, preliminary)

$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ (pb)	Tevatron	LHC7	LHC10	LHC14
NLO	$6.50^{+0.32+0.33}_{-0.70-0.24}$	$150^{+18+8}_{-19-8}$	$380^{+44+17}_{-46-17}$	$842^{+97+30}_{-97-32}$
NNLO <sub>approx</sub>	$7.13^{+0.00+0.36}_{-0.33-0.26}$	$162^{+3+9}_{-3-9}$	$407^{+11+17}_{-5-18}$	$895^{+29+31}_{-7-33}$
NNLO <sub>approx</sub> + NNLL	$7.14^{+0.13+0.36}_{-0.19-0.26}$	$162^{+4+9}_{-2-9}$	$407^{+14+17}_{-4-18}$	$896^{+36+31}_{-7-33}$
NLO + NNLL (Ahrens et.al. 10)	$6.48^{+0.17+0.32}_{-0.21-0.25}$	$146^{+7+8}_{-7-8}$	$368^{+20+19}_{-14-15}$	$813^{+50+30}_{-36-35}$

( $m_t = 173.1$  GeV,  $\mu_f = mt$ , MSTW08NNLO PDF)

**NLO** corrections

(Nason, Dawson Ellis 88, Beenakker et.al. 89/91)

(one-loop  $H_i$  for singlet/octet channels: Czakon/Mitov 08)

**NNLO<sub>approx</sub>**

(also implemented in HATHOR, Aliev et.al. 10 )

$$\sigma_{q\bar{q}}^{(2)} = \frac{3.61}{\beta^2} + \frac{1}{\beta} \left( -140.4 \ln \beta^2 + 32.1 \ln \beta + 3.95 \right) + 910.2 \ln \beta^4 - 1315.5 \ln \beta^3 + 592.3 \ln \beta^2 + 528.6 \ln \beta + C_{qq}^{(2)}$$

- $\alpha_s^2$  expansion of NNLL (Moch, Uwer (Langenfeld) 08/09)

+ all potential corrections ( Beneke, Czakon, Falgari, Mitov CS, 09 )

**EFT approach** to  $\log \beta$ ,  $\beta^{-n}$  resummation for  $\sigma_{\text{tot}}$

- use SCET+NRQCD to factorize soft and Coulomb gluons
- $\log \beta$  resummation from momentum space solution to RGEs

**Colour structure** of soft function

- **diagonal basis** to all orders for arbitrary colour
- two-loop soft anomalous dimension

**Application** to **squark-antisquark** production

- combined Soft and Coulomb resummation
- total corrections 4 – 10% for  $m_{\bar{q}} = 300 \text{ GeV} - 2 \text{ TeV}$

**Threshold expansion** to  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$  of  $t\bar{t}$  cross section

**NNLL resummation** for  $t\bar{t}$

- dominant higher-order corrections included in NNLO<sub>approx</sub>
- discrepancy to NNLL from integrated  $\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{t\bar{t}}^2}$ ? (Ahrens et.al. 10)



**Soft-collinear Lagrangian**

(Bauer et.al. 2000, Beneke et.al. 2002)

for quarks with momentum  $p \sim n$ ,  $n^2 = 0$ : $(n \cdot \bar{n} = 2, n \cdot p_\perp = 0)$ 

$$\mathcal{L}_c = \bar{\xi}_c \left( in \cdot D + i\not{D}_\perp \frac{1}{i\bar{n} \cdot D_c} i\not{D}_\perp \right) \frac{\not{n}}{2} \xi_c$$

Coupling to soft and collinear gluons:

$$iD_c = i\partial + gA_c \quad iD = iD_c + gA_s$$

Field redefinition

(Bauer, Pirjol, Stewart 01)

$$\xi_c(x) = S_n(x_-) \xi_c^{(0)}(x) \quad S_n(x) = \text{P exp} \left[ ig_s \int_{-\infty}^0 dt n \cdot A_s^a(x + nt) T^a \right]$$

Wilson line satisfies

$$n \cdot \partial S_n(x_-) = ig_s n \cdot A_s^a(x_-) T^a S_n(x_-)$$

 $\Rightarrow$  soft gluons decouple in Lagrangian:

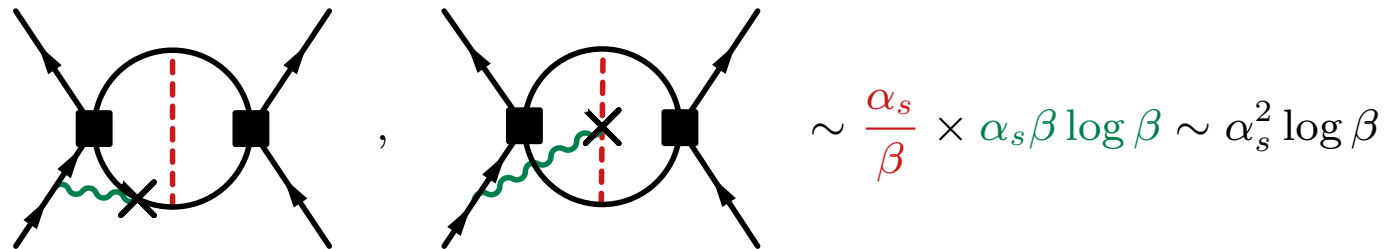
$$\bar{\xi}_n(in \cdot D_s) \xi_n = \bar{\xi}_n^{(0)}(in \cdot \partial) \xi_n^{(0)}$$

## Subleading PNRQCD and SCET interactions:

$$\psi^\dagger \vec{x} \cdot \vec{E}_{us}(x_0, 0) \psi'^\dagger, \quad \bar{\xi} \left( x_\perp^\mu n_\nu^- W_c g F_{\mu\nu}^{us} W_c^\dagger \right) \frac{\not{n}_+}{2} \xi \dots$$

Soft gluons not decoupled by field redefinitions.

Possibly relevant at NNLL in **soft**  $\otimes$  **potential** corrections :



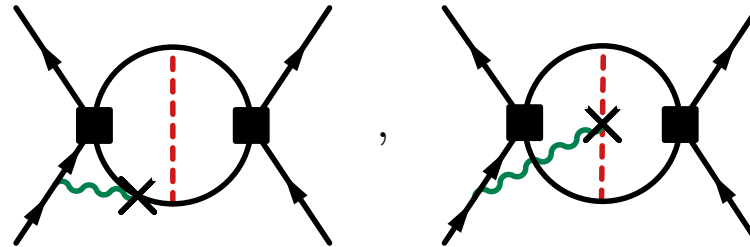
Related to three-parton colour correlations in IR singularities of amplitudes (Ferroglia et.al. 09)

$\sigma_{\text{tot}}$ : effects **vanish** at NNLL!

(Beneke, Czakon, Falgari, Mitov, CS 09)

- no collinear/potential correction  $\sim \beta$  for  $k_\perp = 0$
- no potential/soft corrections due to rotational invariance  
(no heavy particle three-momentum available)

Subleading soft  $\otimes$  potential corrections:



Related to three-parton colour correlations in IR singularities of amplitudes (Ferroglia et.al. 09)

Expansion of  $Hg_sH$  vertex:  $(p = Mv + r, (r^0, \vec{r}) \sim (\lambda, \sqrt{\lambda}), q \sim \lambda)$ :

$$\begin{array}{c} q \\ \text{wavy line} \\ \text{---} p \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} q \\ \text{wavy line} \\ \text{---} \times \end{array} : \quad \frac{v^\mu}{r^0 + q^0 - \frac{\vec{r}^2}{2M}} + \left[ \frac{\vec{r}/M}{r^0 + q^0 - \frac{\vec{r}^2}{2M}} - v^\mu \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \vec{q}}{M} \left( \frac{1}{r^0 + q^0 - \frac{\vec{r}^2}{2M}} \right)^2 \right] + \mathcal{O}(\beta^2)$$

$\Rightarrow$  Integrals of the form

( $\vec{v} = 0$  in partonic CMS, no  $\vec{q}$  in denominator)

$$\int d^D q \prod_i d^D r_i \frac{\{(\vec{k}_- \cdot \vec{r}_i), (\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}_i)\}}{F(q^0, (k_- \cdot q), r_i^0, (\vec{r}_i + \vec{r}_j)^2)} = 0$$

Vanish since no external potential 3-momentum available!

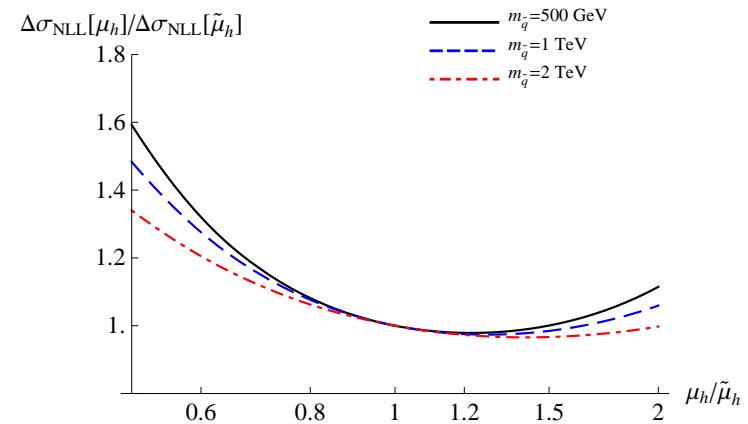
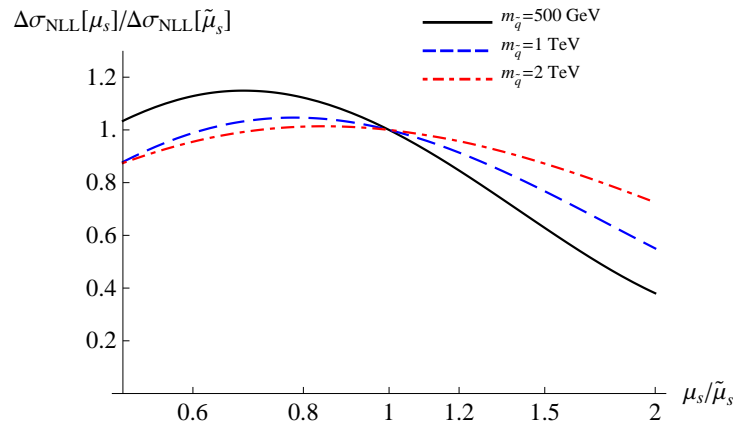
## Choice of scales for resummation in momentum space

**Soft scale**  $\tilde{\mu}_s$  that minimizes **hadronic**  $\Delta\sigma_{\text{soft}}^{\text{NLO}}$  (Becher, Neubert, Xu 07)

$$\tilde{\mu}_s/m_{\tilde{q}} \approx 0.5 \dots 0.2 \quad \text{for } m_{\tilde{q}} = 0.5, \dots 2 \text{ TeV}$$

**Hard scale:**  $\tilde{\mu}_h = 2m_{\tilde{q}}$

Dependence on scale choices:



$$(\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}, m_{\tilde{g}}/m_{\tilde{q}} = 1.25)$$

**Coulomb scale:**  $\mu_C = \max\{2m_{\tilde{q}}\beta, C_F m_{\tilde{q}}\alpha_s(\mu_C)\}$



**Comparison to Mellin-approach:** (Kulesza, Motyka 08/09, Beenakker et.al. 09)

Good agreement for appropriate choice of scales ( $\mu_h = \mu_f$ :  $\text{NLL}_s$ ):

$m_{\tilde{q}}[\text{GeV}]$	NLO[ $\text{pb}$ ]	$\text{NLL}_{\text{Mellin}}[\text{pb}]$	$\text{NLL}_s[\text{pb}]$	NLL [pb]
200	$1.3 \times 10^3$	$1.31 \times 10^3$ (1%)	$1.31 \times 10^3$ (1%)	$1.33 \times 10^3$ (2%)
500	$1.6 \times 10^1$	$1.61 \times 10^1$ (1.2%)	$1.62 \times 10^1$ (1.3%)	$1.65 \times 10^1$ (3%)
1000	$2.89 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.93 \times 10^{-1}$ (1.7%)	$2.94 \times 10^{-1}$ (1.7%)	$3.02 \times 10^{-1}$ (4.4%)
2000	$1.11 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.14 \times 10^{-3}$ (3.4%)	$1.14 \times 10^{-3}$ (3.1%)	$1.21 \times 10^{-3}$ (9%)
3000	$7.13 \times 10^{-6}$	$7.59 \times 10^{-6}$ (6.4%)	$7.54 \times 10^{-6}$	$8.34 \times 10^{-6}$

(LHC 14 TeV,  $m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{q}}$ )

All threshold enhanced  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$  terms (Beneke, Czakon, Falgari, Mitov, CS 09)

**Pure soft** corrections:

$$\Delta\sigma_s^{(2)} \sim \alpha_s^2 (c_{\text{LL}}^{(2)} \ln^4 \beta + c_{\text{NLL}}^{(2)} \ln^3 \beta + c_{\text{NNLL},2}^{(2)} \ln^2 \beta + \underbrace{c_{\text{NNLL},1}^{(2)} \ln \beta}_{\text{2-loop } \gamma_{H,s}})$$

**Potential** corrections: 2nd Coulomb, NLO potentials

$$\Delta\sigma_p^{(2)} \sim \alpha_s^2 \left( \frac{c_{\mathcal{C}^2}}{\beta^2} + \frac{1}{\beta} (c_{\mathcal{C},0}^{(2)} + c_{\mathcal{C},1}^{(2)} \log \beta) + \underbrace{c_{\text{n-C}}^{(2)} \ln \beta}_{\text{spin-dependent}} \right)$$

(extracted from Beneke, Signer, Smirnov 99, Czarnecki/Melnikov 97/01)

**mixed Coulomb/soft, hard** corrections:

$$\Delta\sigma_{p \otimes \text{sh}}^{(2)} \sim \frac{\alpha_s}{\beta} \alpha_s (c_{\text{LL}}^{(1)} \ln^2 \beta + c_{\text{NLL}}^{(1)} \ln \beta + c + \underbrace{H^{(1)}}_{\text{process dependent}})$$

**Potential** corrections:

- 2nd Coulomb correction
- NLO Coulomb potentials:

$$\tilde{V}_C^{(1)}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}) = \frac{D_{R_\alpha} \alpha_s^2}{\mathbf{q}^2} \left( a_1 - \beta_0 \ln \frac{\mathbf{q}^2}{\mu^2} \right)$$

- Non-Coulomb potential:

$$\tilde{V}_{\text{nC}}^{(1)}(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}) = \frac{4\pi D_{R_\alpha} \alpha_s}{\mathbf{q}^2} \left[ \frac{\pi \alpha_s |\mathbf{q}|}{4m} \left( \frac{D_{R_\alpha}}{2} + C_A \right) + \frac{\mathbf{p}^2}{m^2} + \frac{\mathbf{q}^2}{m^2} v_{\text{spin}} \right],$$

( $v_{\text{spin}} = 0$  (singlet);  $-2/3$  (triplet))

Corrections to cross section:

$$\Delta \hat{\sigma}_{\text{nC}} = \hat{\sigma}^{(0)} \alpha_s^2 \ln \beta \left[ -2D_{R_\alpha}^2 (1 + v_{\text{spin}}) + D_{R_\alpha} C_A \right]$$

(extracted from Beneke, Signer, Smirnov 99, Pineda, Signer 06)